1 2 3 4 5 6 7	Justin A. Palmer (SBN. 270857) FILER PALMER, LLP 249 E. Ocean Blvd., Suite 501 Long Beach, CA 90802 Telephone: (562) 304-5200 Facsimile: (562) 394-0504 Email: justin@filerpalmer.com Counsel for Plaintiffs, SUMMER MEDFORD, TENE CARR-M JOHN MEDFORD	IEDFORD, and
8	IN THE UNITED STA	TES DISTRICT COURT
9	CENTRAL DISTRI	CT OF CALIFORNIA
10	CHMMED MEDEODD TENE CADD	Case No.
11	SUMMER MEDFORD, TENE CARR-MEDFORD, and JOHN MEDFORD,	Case No.
12	,	COMPLAINT FOR DECLARATORY
13	Plaintiff,	AND INJUNCTIVE RELIEF
	VS.	1) VIOLATION OF THE FREE EXERCISE
14		CLAUSE OF FIRST AMENDMENT OF THE
15		UNITED STATES CONSTITUTION 2) VIOLATION OF THE RIGHT TO PRIVACY
16		GUARANTEED UNDER THE FOURTH
17	THE REGENTS OF THE	AMENDMENT OF THE UNITED STATES
	UNIVERSITY OF CALIFORNIA;	CONSTITUTION 3) VIOLATION OF THE RIGHT TO PRIVACY
18	and Does 1-10,	GUARANTEED UNDER THE FOURTEENTH
19	Defendants.	AMENDMENT OF THE UNITED STATES
20	Defendants.	CONSTITUTION 4) VIOLATION OF SECTION 504 OF THE
		REHABILITATION ACT OF 1973 (29 U.S.C.
21		794)
22		5) VIOLATION OF THE AMERICAN'S WITH DISABILITIES ACT 42 U.S.C. §12101 ET
23		SEQ.
24		REQUEST FOR EMERGENCY
		TEMPORARY RESTRAINING ORDER INJUNCTIVE RELIEF -
25		RCFC 65
26		
27		
28	p-Complaint.docx	1
20		RATORY AND INJUNCTIVE RELIEF
	II COMILAINI FOR DECLAR	MIONI MID HIJUHCIIYE NELIEF

FILER | PALMER, LI 249 East Ocean Boulevard, Suite 501 Long Beach, CA 90802

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Plaintiffs, and each of them, allege the following:

<u>JURISDICTION</u>

Counts in this Action arise out of the First, Fourth and Fourteenth 1. Amendments to the United States Constitution, The Rehabilitation Act of 1973 (29 U.S.C. § 794) and The American's With Disabilities Act 42 U.S.C. §12101 et seq.

VENUE

2. Venue is proper in the United States District Court for the Central District of California, pursuant to 28 U.S.C. sections 84 and 1391. The events that gave rise to this complaint are occurring in Los Angeles, County of Los Angeles, in the State of California, and one or more of the defendants has its Principal Place of Business in the County Los Angeles, California.

PARTIES

- 3. Summer Medford is a minor child and a resident of the State of California. She is currently a patient at Ronald Reagan UCLA Medical Center.
- 4. Tene Carr-Medford is an adult and a resident of the State of California. She is the mother of Summer Medford. Pursuant to the California Family Code§ 6910 she is the healthcare decision maker for Summer Medford, a minor.
- 5. John Medford is an adult and a resident of the State of California. He is the father of Summer Medford. Pursuant to the California Family Code§ 6910 he is the healthcare decision maker for Summer Medford, a minor.
- 6. Defendant THE REGENTS OF THE UNIVERSITY OF CALIFORNIA ("UC Regents") are entities of the State of California. Defendant UC Regents operates the UCLA Healthcare system, including the Ronald Reagan UCLA Medical Center, where Summer Medford is currently located. Plaintiff is informed and believes, and on the basis of said information and belief, alleged that UC Regents receive funding from the state and federal government which is used to

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directly and indirectly provide healthcare services to individuals including but not limited to Summer Medford.

- 7. Plaintiffs are ignorant of the true names and capacities of defendants sued herein as Does 1 through 10, inclusive, and therefore sue these defendants by such fictitious names and capacities. Plaintiffs are informed and believe and based thereon allege that each of the fictitiously named defendants is responsible in some manner for the occurrences herein alleged, and that plaintiffs' injuries as herein alleged were proximately caused by the actions and/or in-actions of said Doe defendants. Plaintiffs will amend this complaint to include the true identities of said doe defendants when they are ascertained.
- 8. At all times mentioned, each of the defendants was acting as the agent, principal, employee, and/or employer of one or more of the remaining defendants and was, at all times herein alleged, acting within the purpose, course, and scope of such agency and/or employment for purposes of respondent superior and/or vicarious liability as to all other defendants.
- At all times mentioned herein, the defendants, and each of them, 9. employed, hired, trained, retained, and/or controlled the actions of all other defendants, and each of them.

FACTS

- 10. On June 11, 2020, Summer Medford went into cardiac arrest and was admitted Ronald Reagan UCLA Medical Center. Currently, Summer Medford is on a Extra Corporeal membrane Oxygenation (ECMO) which supports lung and heart and supports breathing.
- 11. California Health and Safety Code § 7180, in force and effect, at all times material to this action provides that "An individual who has sustained either (1) irreversible cessation of circulatory and respiratory functions, or (2) irreversible

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cessation of all functions of the entire brain, including the brain stem, is dead. A determination of death must be made in accordance with accepted medical standards."

- California Health and Safety Code § 7181 provides that an individual 12. can be pronounced dead by a determination of "irreversible cessation of all functions of the entire brain, including brain stem." It requires "independent" confirmation by another physician.
- 13. Summer is currently receiving stem cell and exosome treatment under the direction of AMA Regeneration and Dr. Alice Hoffman, Summer's pediatric rheumatologist. AMA Regeneration physician Dr. Pien believes the continued treatment and additional monitoring will stabilize Summer's medical condition and brain function, eliminating the need for life support and ECMO function. She also believes more time is needed to adequately assess Summer's brain and motor functioning to determine further medical interventions.
- Dr. Alice Pien believes additional time is needed to fully evaluate the results of certain treatment to determine further medical interventions are, specifically to see if Summer's body has responded to positive regeneration of certain cellular function before.
- 15. Defendant UC Regents, by and through it's agent Anil Sapru, Division Chief Pediatric Medicine, has informed Plaintiffs Tene Carr-Medford and John Medford that Summer is "dead" utilizing the definition of "brain death" derived from California Health & Safety Code § 7180.
- Plaintiffs are Christians with firm religious beliefs that as long as the 16. heart is beating, Summer is alive. Plaintiffs have personal knowledge of others who had been diagnosed as brain dead, where the decision makers were encouraged to "pull the plug" yet they didn't and their loved one emerged from legal brain death to where they had cognitive ability and some even fully recovering. These religious

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beliefs involve providing all treatment, care, and nutrition to a body that is living, treating it with respect and seeking to encourage its healing.

- Dr. Sapru has advised of his plan to disconnect the ECMO that Summer 17. Medford is relying upon to breathe on June 16, 2020 to preform an apnea test, claiming that she is brain dead pursuant to California Health and Safety Code§ 7180. Defendants claim that, since they have pronounced Summer dead that Plaintiffs have no right to exercise any decision-making authority vis-à-vis maintaining her daughter on the ECMO device.
- 18. To stop Defendants from terminating Summer's ECMO dependence, Plaintiffs, Tene Carr-Medford and John Medford have filed this Complaint, along with an Ex Parte Application for a Temporary Restraining Order seeking an order (1) authorizing the petitioners (Summer's parents) to make medical care decisions for Sumner and for an injunction under to prohibit Defendant UC Regents withholding life support from Summer.
- Plaintiffs, Tene Carr-Medford and John Medford vehemently oppose the 19. efforts of the Defendants to exclude them from the decision making regarding their daughter and their insistence that they have no right vis-à-vis the decision to disconnect the ECMO. Plaintiffs have expressly forbidden the defendants from removing all life support systems and devices, and defendants have refused their requests. Defendants likewise dismiss the medical opinion of Dr. Alice Pien, who has advised Summer required further monitoring and additional stem and exosome cell treatment to regenerate her brain function.

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FACTS WARANTING EMERGECY TEMPORARY RESTRAINING
ORDER AND INJUNCTIVE RELIEF

- There is a substantial likelihood of success on the merits given the wealth 20. of decisional authority, both in the Court of Appeal, and the U.S. Supreme Court demonstrating the constitutional rights people have over their decision making role in their healthcare and for parents over the healthcare decisions concerning their children.
- 21. The injuries threatened of the conduct is not enjoined will be irrevocable and irreparable, Summer Medford will be taken off the ECMO, her heart will stop beating and she will cease to show any signs associated with a living body. If they are prohibited from making healthcare decisions re nutrition, medications, etc., their daughter will starve and her electrolytes will get out of balance and other complications will arise that will hasten, and ultimately lead to, Summer's death.
- 22. The threatened injury is death to Summer and loss of a daughter to Tene and John. Defendants have stated no reason they would suffer a loss other than its demoralizing to treat a dead person.
- This case is one of national interest and the issue of the right to 23. participate in healthcare decisions is one of great public concern. Therefore, granting of preliminary injunction is in the public interest.

<u>TERMS OF THE PROPOSED RESTRAINING ORDER</u>

- Plaintiffs seek to have defendants be restrained from removing the 24. ECMO.
- Plaintiffs seek to have defendants initiate the provision of nutrition to 25. Summer.

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	26.	Plaintiffs seek to have to take all medically available steps/measures to
seek	to imp	prove her health and prolong her life including nutrition including the
inser	tion of	a tracheostomy tube and a gastric tube.

27. Plaintiffs seek to be provided ample time and support (including the placement of the tracheostomy tube and the gastric tube) to try and locate a facility that will accept her as a patient to treat her and provide her vent support.

FIRST COUNT

(Violation of First Amendment Rights - Free Exercise of Religion)

(Against All Defendants)

- Plaintiffs incorporates by reference each of the preceding paragraphs as 28. if fully set forth herein.
- This action arises under the United States Constitution, particularly under the provisions of the Free Exercise Clause of the First Amendment to the Constitution of the United States.
- 30. The acts complained of herein are being committed by the Defendants, and are depriving Plaintiffs CARR MEDFORD, MEDFORD and Summer Medford of their rights to freely express their religious beliefs. The denial of these rights threatens the very existence of Summer and will completely sever the relationship that still endures between Tene, John and Summer.
- The Defendants, and each of them, knowingly and willfully conspired 31. and agreed among themselves to violate Plaintiffs' civil rights so as to injure Plaintiffs, and each of them.
- As a proximate cause of the Defendants' conduct, Plaintiffs, and each of them, are incurring attorney fees and litigation costs, including the costs of retaining experts.

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33. Plaintiffs pray for relief in the form of a declaration of the right of
Plaintiffs, Tene Carr Medford and John Medford, to exercise control over the
determination of the healthcare to be provided to and received by Summer Medford
and a declaration that the application of California <u>Health and Safety Code</u> § 7181, as
defendants seek to do, giving them the right to discontinue ECMO support over the
objection of Plaintiffs Tene Carr Medford and John Medford, is unconstitutional as
an interference with Plaintiffs exercise of their religious beliefs.

34. Plaintiffs pray for an injunction prohibiting Defendants from removing ECMO support and an order that they institute nutritional support and other medical treatments to as to provide her with proper care and treatment designed promote her maximum level of medical improvement and to provide Plaintiff a reasonable time to continue the series of stem cell and exosome treatment under the direction of AMA Regeneration and Dr. Alice Hoffman in accordance with their religious beliefs.

SECOND COUNT

(Violation of Fourth Amendment Rights - Privacy Rights)

(Against All Defendants)

- Plaintiffs incorporates by reference each of the preceding paragraphs as 35. if fully set forth herein.
- 36. This action arises under the United States Constitution, particularly under the provisions of the Privacy Rights established and recognized as existing within and flowing from Fourth Amendment to the Constitution of the United States.
- 37. Each of the acts complained of herein was committed by the Defendants, and each of them, and by seeking to deny Tene Carr Medford, John Medford and Summer Medford of the rights to privacy including but not limited to their rights to have control over their health care, by refusing to provide health care to them, and by

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denying them the right to have control over the health care decisions affecting Summer, which are recognized under the Fourth Amendment of the U.S. Constitution.

- The conduct of the Defendants, and each of them, has deprived Plaintiffs 38. of the rights of privacy that they have over their medical decisions.
- As a direct and proximate result of the Defendants' conduct, as alleged 39. herein, Plaintiffs are in great risk of the death of Summer Medford occurring. She has been suffering, as has Tene Carr Medford and John Medford by being prohibited from obtaining proper care for Summer and by being deprived of the right of knowing that Summer was being cared for and, instead, fearing that she was becoming weaker and dying because of the refusal of the defendants to provide treatment.
- As a direct and proximate result of the Defendants' conduct, the Plaintiffs 40. have suffered past and future general damages in amounts to be determined by proof at trial.
- 41. As a proximate cause of the Defendants' conduct, Plaintiffs, and each of them, are incurring attorney fees and litigation costs, including the costs of retaining experts.
- Plaintiffs pray for relief in the form of a declaration of their rights of 42. privacy relating to their rights to control over their medical decisions and choices. Plaintiff further request declaratory relief that the application of the determination of the healthcare to be provided to and be received by Summer Medford and a declaration that the application of California Health and Safety Code§ 7181, in the manner in which Defendants seek to do so, so as to deprive Plaintiffs of their ability to choose to remain on ECMO support is an unconstitutional interference with Plaintiffs exercise of rights to privacy.
- Plaintiff prays for an injunction prohibiting Defendants from removing 43. ECMO support and an order that they institute nutritional support and other medical

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treatments to as to provide her with proper care and treatment designed to promote her maximum level of medical improvement and to provide Plaintiff a reasonable time to continue the series of stem cell and exosome treatment under the direction of AMA Regeneration and Dr. Alice Hoffman.

THIRD COUNT

(Violation of Fourteenth Amendment Rights to Privacy)

- Plaintiffs incorporates by reference each of the preceding paragraphs as 44. if fully set forth herein.
- 45. This action arises under the United States Constitution, particularly under the provisions of the Fourteenth amendment and its right to privacy.
- 46. Each of the acts complained of herein was committed by the Defendants, and each of them, and by seeking to deny Tene Carr Medford, John Medford and Summer Medford of the rights to privacy including but not limited to their rights to have control over their health care, by refusing to provide health care to them, and by denying them the right to have control over the health care decisions affecting Summer, which are recognized under the Fourteenth Amendment of the U.S. Constitution.
- 47. As a proximate cause of the Defendants' conduct, Plaintiffs, and each of them, are incurring attorney fees and litigation costs, including the costs of retaining experts.
- Plaintiffs pray for relief in the form of a declaration of their rights 48. Privacy over the healthcare decisions concerning Summer's rights to exercise control over her medical decisions and that the efforts to/ decision of UC Regents to unilaterally remove Summer from the ECMO under California Health and Safety Code§ 7181, are an unconstitutional interference with Plaintiffs Privacy rights.

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	49.	Plaintiff prays for an injunction prohibiting Defendants from removing
ECMO	O supp	ort and an order that they institute nutritional support and other medical
treatm	ents s	o as to provide her with proper care and treatment designed to promote
her m	aximu	m level of medical improvement, to insert a tracheostomy tube and a
gastri	e tube,	and to provide Plaintiff a reasonable time to locate an alternate facility
to care	e for h	er child in accordance with her religious beliefs.

FOURTH COUNT

(Violation of the Federal Rehabilitation Act) **Against All Defendants**

- Plaintiffs incorporates by reference each of the preceding paragraphs as 50. if fully set forth herein.
- Summer Medford is a handicapped and/or disabled individual as that 51. term is defined under both the Rehabilitation Act of 1973.
- 52. Section 504 of the Rehabilitation Act prohibits discrimination against an "otherwise qualified" handicapped individual, solely by reason of his or her handicap, under any program or activity receiving federal financial assistance.
- Hospitals such as UCLA Ronald Reagan Medical Center, operated by 53. Defendant UC Regents that accepts Medicare and Medicaid funding, is subject to the Rehabilitation Act.
- The UCLA Ronald Reagan has admitted that the sole reason it wishes to 54. withhold ECMO treatment and the sole reason that it refuses to provide nutrition and other medical treatment for Summer Medford over her parents objections, is because of Summer's brain injury--her handicap and disability.
- 55. Summer is "otherwise qualified" to receive treatment dismal long-term prospects of living.

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56.	Thus,	the	Hospi	ital's	desir	e to v	withhold	ECM	O tro	eatment,	nutriti	onal
support, and	dother	me	dical t	treatn	nent,	from	Summe	r over	her	parents	objecti	ons,
violates the	Rehabi	litati	ion Ac	et.								

- 57. As a proximate cause of the Defendants' conduct, Plaintiffs, and each of them, are incurring attorney fees and litigation costs, including the costs of retaining experts.
- 58. Plaintiffs pray for relief in the form of a declaration the effort to remove Summer from her ECMO under California Health and Safety Code§ 7181, and their refusal to provide her with medical care and nutritional support violates the Rehabilitation Act and, therefore, Defendants should be ordered to continue said support and to provide nutritional support and other medical support designed to allow Summer to continue existing and to have a best chance of regaining brain function.
- Plaintiff prays for an injunction prohibiting Defendants from removing 59. ECMO support and an order that they institute nutritional support and other medical treatments so as to provide her with proper care and treatment designed to promote her maximum level of medical improvement, and to provide Plaintiffs a reasonable time to continue the series of stem cell and exosome treatment under the direction of AMA Regeneration and Dr. Alice Hoffman.

FIFTH COUNT

(Americans with Disabilities Act)

Against All Defendants

- Plaintiffs incorporate, herein by reference, paragraphs 1 through 67 as 60. though fully set forth herein.
- 61. Section 302 of the Americans with Disabilities Act ("ADA") prohibits discrimination against disabled individuals by "public accommodations." 42 U.S.C. § 12182.

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- Brain damage from lack of oxygen is a disability, because it affects Summer's neurological functioning, ability to walk, and ability to see or talk.
- "Public accommodation" is defined to include a "professional office of a 64. health care provider, hospital, or other service establishment." 42 U.S.C. § 12181(7). The Hospital is a public accommodation under the ADA. 28 C.F.R. § 36.104.
- Section 302(a) of the ADA states a general rule of nondiscrimination 65. against the disabled: General rule. No individual shall be discriminated against on the basis of disability in the full and equal enjoyment of the goods, services, facilities, privileges, advantages, or accommodation of any place of public accommodations by any person who owns, leases (or leases to), or operates a place of public accommodation. 42 U.S.C. § 12182(a).
- 66. In contrast to the Rehabilitation Act, the ADA does not require that a handicapped individual be "otherwise qualified" to receive the benefits of participation. Further, section 302(b)(l)(A) of the ADA states that "[i]t shall be discriminatory to subject an individual or class of individuals on the basis of a disability ... to a denial of the opportunity of the individual or class to participate in or benefit from the goods, services, facilities, privileges, advantages, accommodations of an entity." 42 U.S.C. § 12182(b)(l)(A)(i).
- The Hospital seeks to deny Summer Medford the benefits of ECMO 67. services, nutrition and other medical treatment to Summer Medford by reason of her disability. The Hospital's claim is that it is "futile" to keep alive a "brain dead" baby,

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even though the mother has requested such treatment. But the plain language of the ADA does not permit the denial of ECMO services, and other medical services such as the provision of nutrition and medical treatment that would keep alive a brain injured child when those life-saving services would otherwise be provided to a baby without disabilities at the parent's request. The Hospital's reasoning would lead to the denial of medical services to brain injured individuals as a class of disabled individuals. Such discrimination against a vulnerable population class is exactly what the American with Disabilities Act was enacted to prohibit. The Hospital would therefore violate the ADA if it were to withhold ECMO treatment, nutrition and other medical treatment to Summer Medford.

- As a proximate cause of the Defendants' conduct, Plaintiffs, and each of 68. them, are incurring attorney fees and litigation costs, including the costs of retaining experts.
- 69. Plaintiffs pray for relief in the form of a declaration that the efforts of Defendants, and each of them, to remove Summer from her ECMO under California Health and Safety Code § 7181, and their refusal to provide her with medical care and nutritional support violates the ADA and, therefore, Defendants should be ordered to continue said support and to provide nutritional support and other medical support designed to allow Summer to continue existing and to have a best chance of regaining brain function.
- Plaintiff prays for an injunction prohibiting Defendants from removing 70. ECMO support and an order that they institute nutritional support and other medical treatments so as to provide her with proper care and treatment designed to promote her maximum level of medical improvement, to insert a tracheostomy tube and a gastric tube, and to provide Plaintiff a reasonable time to continue the series of stem

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cell and exosome treatment under the direction of AMA Regeneration and Dr. Alice Hoffman in accordance with her religious beliefs.

PRAYER

WHEREFORE, Plaintiffs pray judgment against Defendants and each of them, as follows:

Counts One through Five:

- Declaratory Relief; 1.
- Attorney fees; 2.
- 3. Injunctive relief including, but not limited, to injunctions precluding removal of ECMO support and mandating introduction of nutritional support, insertion of a tracheostomy tube, gastric tube, and to provide other medical treatments and protocols designed to promote her maximum level of medical improvement and provision of sufficient time for Plaintiff to locate an alternate facility to care for her child in accordance with her religious beliefs.
- Plaintiffs also request that the Court issue whatever additional 4. injunctive relief the Court deems appropriate; and
- 5. For such other and further relief as the court may deem proper.

Dated: June 17, 2020 Respectfully Submitted, FILER | PALMER, LLP

By:

Justin A. Palmer Attorneys for Plaintiffs, TENE CARR-MEDFORD, and JOHN **MEDFORD**

COMPLAINT FOR DECLARATORY AND INJUNCTIVE RELIEF

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6	Counsel for Plaintiffs, TENE MEDFORD-CARR and	
7	JOHN MEDFORD	
8	IN THE UNITED STAT	TES DISTRICT COURT
9	CENTRAL DISTRIC	CT OF CALIFORNIA
10	SUMMER MEDFORD, TENE CARR-	Case No.
11	MEDFORD and JOHN MEDFORD,	Cuse 110.
12	D1 : .: c0	EX PARTE APPLICATION FOR A
13	Plaintiff, vs.	TEMPORARY RESTRAINING ORDER TO ENJOIN DEFENDANTS
14	,	FROM ENDING LIFE SUPPORT,
1	THE REGENTS OF THE	MEMORANDUM OF POINTS AND
15	UNIVERSITY OF CALIFORNIA;	AUTHORITIES IN SUPPORT
16	and Does 1-10, inclusive,	THEREOF, DECLARATION OF
17	Defendants.	JUSTIN A. PALMER RE NOTICE AND PROPOSED ORDER
18		
19		Filed concurrently with Plaintiff's <u>Complaint</u>
20	TO ALL PARTIES AND THEIR	ATTORNEYS OF RECORD IN THIS
21	ACTION:	
22	YOU ARE HEREBY NOTIFIED t	hat on at, or as soon
23	thereafter as this matter may be heard in	Courtroom of the United States District
24	Court, located at 350 West 1st Street, I	Los Angeles, CA 90012, Plaintiffs TENE
25	MEDFORD-CARR and JOHN MEDFOR	D will hereby move this Court ex parte for
26	a temporary restraining order restraining o	rder restraining Defendant THE REGENTS
27	p-ex parte.docx	1
28	ENJOIN DEFENDANTS FROM END	TEMPORARY RESTRAINING ORDER TO ING LIFE SUPPORT, MEMORANDUM OF UPPORT THEREOF, DECLARATION OF OTICE AND PROPOSED ORDER

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OF THE UNIVERSITY OF CALIFORNIA from ending Life Support for the minor child Summer Medford and request for provision of nutrition and other medical treatment to provide optimize her physical condition while the Court makes its ruling. Plaintiff also seeks an order compelling Defendants to continue the series of stem cell and exosome treatment under the direction Dr. Alice Hoffman, pediatric rheumatologist.

This application is made pursuant to Federal Rules of Civil Procedure Rule 65(b) and U.S. Dis. Court, Central District of California, Local Rule 65-1. The ex parte relief requested is appropriate because, absent an injunction prohibiting Defendants from proceeding with ending life support measures, Defendants are going to terminate Summer Medford's Extra Corporeal membrane Oxygenation (ECMO) support at 2 p.m. on Wednesday, June 17, 2020, thereby leading to the inevitable, and immediate, cessation of the beating of her heart. Plaintiffs will likely suffer irreparable harm in that their daughter will die, whereas the only harm to Defendants will be the resulting continuation of the status quo of allowing the minor to remain on life support.

Further, Plaintiffs have a likelihood of succeeding on the merits of their case because, inter alia, Defendants proposed action, i.e., removal of cardiopulmonary support, over the objection Tene Medford-Carr and John Medford, the health care decision maker for her minor child Summer based upon the classification of Summer as brain dead pursuant to California Health and Safety Code §§7180 and 7821 is unconstitutional in so far as it interferes with Plaintiff's exercise of her rights to freedom of religion under the first amendment and interference with her privacy rights under the Fourth and Fourteenth Amendments recognized rights to privacy in health care decisions and determination over ones medical treatment. Plaintiffs are actively seeking alternate arrangements for their daughter and failure to institute a TRO and

Injunction will make the matter moot as Summer Medford will cease to have a heart
beat and will have expired. Also, the public interest will be search as granting this
temporary restraining order will allow public to have a clear understanding as to the
rights of a parent to continue mechanical support of the life of a loved one as defined
by their religious beliefs.

Counsel for Plaintiff properly provided Defendant THE REGENTS OF THE STATE OF CALIFORNIA with ex parte notice pursuant to FRCP 65(b)(1). (See, The Declaration of Justin A. Palmer (hereinafter "Palmer Decl.") ¶2.)

This ex parte application is made pursuant to Federal Rules of Civil Procedure Rule 65(b) and U.S. Dist. Court, Central District of California, Local Rule 65-1, and is based upon this notice, the attached memorandum of points and authorities, the attached Declaration of Justin A. Palmer, the complete records, pleadings, documents and papers on file, and upon such other matters which. may properly come before this Court at the hearing of this application.

Dated: June 16, 2020 Respectfully Submitted,

FILER | PALMER, LLP

By:

Justin A. Palmer
Counsel for Plaintiff,
TENE MEDFORD-CARR and
JOHN MEDFORD

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MEMORANDUM OF POINTS AND AUTHORITIES

INTRODUCTION I.

On June 11, 2020, Summer went into cardiac arrest and was admitted to Ronald Reagan UCLA Medical Center. Currently, Summer Medford remains on life-support at Defendant's Hospital – Ronald Reagan UCLA Medical Center.

Summer has received a portion of a novel Regenerative Medicine treatment beginning on June 14, 2020 and Dr. Alice Pien has advised that stem cell and exosome treatment could regenerate Summer's brain function with additional monitoring and eliminate the need for life support and ECMO function. (Palmer Decl. at 4). Studies show Mesenhymal Stem Cells go through three consecutive cycles of healing and regeneration – 48 hours, 5 days and 90 days. (Palmer Decl. at 5) Dr. Pien has advised that Summer is not to be removed from life support until she can be given the full treatment and necessary time to see results. She is requesting at least 30 days to monitor her response to these treatments and observe her results. (Palmer Decl. at 5, Ex. A)

Physicians at UCLA Ronald Reagan UCLA Medical have refused Plaintiff's request and communicated an intent to withdraw said support on June 17, 2020. (Palmer Decl. at 6). Dr. Anil Sapru has communicated his intent to perform an apnea test on June 16, 2020, and remove life support on June 17, 2020. (Palmer Decl. at 6). Plaintiffs do not consent to this treatment because it would cause irreparable damage to Summer. (Palmer Decl. at 6). Plaintiffs are informed that removal of life support for any amount of time would interfere the treatment as prescribed by Dr. Hoffman and Summer's long term prognosis. (Palmer Decl. at 6).

FILER PALMER, LI 249 East Ocean Boulevard, Suite 501 Long Beach, CA 90802 Telephone (562) 304-5200

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II. **LEGAL DISCUSSION**

A. Federal Law Authorizes the Relief Requested.

"The purpose of a temporary restraining order is to preserve an existing situation in status quo until the court has an opportunity to pass upon the merits of the demand for a preliminary injunction." (Pan American World Airways, Inc. v. Flight Engineers' Int'l Assoc., (2nd Cir.1962) 306 F.2d 840, 842.) Federal Rules of Civil Procedure Rule 65(b)(1) permits a temporary restraining order to be granted ex parte if:

- (A) Specific facts in an affidavit or a verified complaint clearly show that immediate and irreparable injury, loss, or damage will result to the movant before the adverse party can be heard in opposition; and
- (B) The movant's attorney certifies in writing any efforts made to give notice and the reasons why it should not be required.

A temporary restraining order is appropriate if there is proof of: (1) a likelihood of success on the merits; (2) a substantial threat that plaintiff will suffer irreparable injury if the injunction is denied; (3) the threat of injury outweighs any damage the injunction might cause defendant, and (4) the injunction will not disserve the public interest. (See Sugar Busters. LLC v. Brennan (5th Cir.1999) 177 F.3d. 258,265; CityFed Fin'l Corp. v Office of Thrift Supervision (DC Cir. 1995) 58 F.3d. 738, 746.)

B. Plaintiff Will Suffer a Great Or Irreparable Injury Before This **Matter Can Be Heard On Notice Motion**

Absent an injunction in this case, 14 year old Summer Medford will be taken off life-support immediately by the Defendants. There can be no greater irreparable harm than death. (See, Palmer Decl. at 7.) This is even more troublesome when

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Plaintiff is exploring viable options to continue life support outside of the facility that Plaintiffs have alleged injured their daughter.

C. Plaintiffs Will Succeed on the Merits of Their Case

The Ninth Circuit Court of Appeals provides that only a reasonable probability of success is required to support a preliminary injunction. (Gilder v. PGA Tour, Inc., 936 F2d 417, 422 (9th Cir. 1991).) In fact, a "fair chance on the merits" is sufficient for preliminary injunction purposes. (See Johnson v. Cal State Fort o {Accounting, 72 F. 3d 1427, 1429 (9th Cir. 1995).) The trial court may give even inadmissible evidence some weight, when doing so serves the purpose of preventing irreparable harm before trial. (See Flynt Distributing Co., Inc. v. Harvey, 734 F.2d 1389, 1394 (9th Cir. 1984).)

AMA Regeneration physician Dr. Alice Pien has requested additional time to administer the remaining elements of the Regeneration Medical treatment observe Summer's condition and monitor her progress. Summer has received a portion of a novel Regenerative Medicine treatment beginning on June 14, 2020 and Dr. Alice Pien has advised that stem cell and exosome treatment could regenerate Summer's brain function with additional monitoring and eliminate the need for life support and ECMO function. (Palmer Decl. at 4). Studies show Mesenhymal Stem Cells go through three consecutive cycles of healing and regeneration – 48 hours, 5 days and 90 days. (Palmer Decl. at 5) Dr. Pien has advised that Summer is not to be removed from life support until she can be given the full treatment and necessary time to see results. She is requesting at least 30 days to monitor her response to these treatments and observe her results. (Palmer Decl. at 5, Ex. A)

Plaintiffs enjoy a "fair chance" of success on the merits if not a reasonable possibility of prevailing.

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Further, "Though it is not apparent from the face of 28 U.S.C. § 2284(b)(3), some courts have emphasized that a temporary restraining order will issue only when the party seeking it is likely to succeed on the merits.... This court thinks that the better-reasoned view, however, is that the likelihood of success on the merits should be a minor factor, especially where the potential injury great." (Palmigiano v. Travisono, 317 F. Supp. 776, 787 (D.R.I. 1970). Here, the same hospital that is alleged to have cause harm to this little girl seeks to proceed unilaterally with ending her life without an opportunity for this Court to determine whether or not the Constitution has been violated; and taking a careful look at legislation who's purpose was never to limit damages in a situation where a hospital is alleged to have rendered a little girl gravely injured.

D. The Threatened Injury Outweighs any Damage That the Injunction Might Cause to Defendants.

A balancing of the relative hardships on the parties favors granting the requested temporary restraining order. There is absolutely no damage that the Defendants can claim that would override improperly ending life-support measures on 14 year old Summer. (See, Palmer Decl. at 5.) Further, because Plaintiffs seek to complete Summer's Regenerative Medicine treatment there is absolutely no legitimate argument Defendants can make regarding damages they will suffer.

E. The Public Interest is Served by Allowing Plaintiff's Claims to be Fully Heard.

The issues raised in Plaintiffs Complaint and in this restraining order are matters of great public concern. In 2013, the United States District Court, Northern District of California granted a temporary restraining order under very similar circumstances, and the Court determined a parent's rights to manage the care of their children does not end once a child is determined to brain dead, even though her heart

beats and is assisted by an ECMO. The refusal of defendants to honor the wishes of
Plaintiffs will provide the Court to explain to the public the right of parents in similar
circumstances, and would likely curb further abuse of constitutional rights for families
who find themselves in this awful predicament.

F. Plaintiffs Should Not Be Required to Post a Security Bond as Defendant Would Suffer No or Little Injury as a Result of the **Institution of the Temporary Restraining Order.**

Though Federal Rules of Civil Procedure Rule 65(c) asks courts to require a security bond in conjunction with a temporary restraining order, courts are given wide discretion in the form the bond may take. (Continental Oil Co. v. Frontier Refining Co., (10th Cir. 1964) 338 F.2d 780, 783.) In fact, in situations where the likelihood of harm to defendant is small, courts are not obliged to require a bond to be issued at all. (Id.) Presently, the only harm that would come to Defendants should the temporary restraining order be granted would be the minimal cost continuing life-support (See, Palmer Decl. at ¶6).

III.	CONCLCUSION
	COLICECTION

Based on the foregoing, Plaintiff respectfully requests that this Court issue a temporary restraining order and an order to show cause why a preliminary injunction should not be issue against Defendants as detailed herein.

Dated: June 16, 2020

Respectfully Submitted,

FILER | PALMER, LLP

By:

Justin A. Palmer Counsel for Plaintiffs, TENE MEDFORD-CARR and JOHN MEDFORD

Justin A. Palmer (SBN. 270857) FILER | PALMER, LLP 2 249 E. Ocean Blvd., Suite 501 Long Beach, CA 90802 3 Telephone: (562) 304-5200 (562) 394-0504 Facsimile: 4 justin@filerpalmer.com Email: 5 Counsel for Plaintiffs, SUMMER MEDFORD, TENE CARR-MEDFORD, and JOHN MEDFORD 7 8 IN THE UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT 9 CENTRAL DISTRICT OF CALIFORNIA 10 SUMMER MEDFORD, TENE CARR-Case No. 11 MEDFORD, and JOHN MEDFORD, **DECLARATION OF JUSTIN A.** 12 Plaintiff, PALMER IN SUPPORT OF EX 13 PARTE APPLICATION FOR VS. TEMPORARY RESTRAINING 14 ORDER AND INJUNCTIVE RELIEF 15 16 THE REGENTS OF THE 17 UNIVERSITY OF CALIFORNIA; and Does 1-10, inclusive and Does 1-18 10, inclusive, 19 Defendants. 20 1. I am counsel of record for the Plaintiff, and a member in good standing 21 with the State of California Bar and United States District Court, Central District of 22 California. I make this declaration in support of Plaintiffs Ex Parte Application For A 23 Temporary Restraining Order And Order To Show Cause Re: Preliminary Injunction. 24 The facts stated herein are known to me personally and, if called as a witness, I could 25 and would testify competently thereto. 26 27 p-dec(jp).docx 28 DECLARATION OF JUSTIN A. PALMER IN SUPPORT OF EX PARTE APPLICATION FOR TEMPORARY RESTRAINING ORDER AND INJUNCTIVE

RELIEF

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- I provided actual notice of my intent and served this Ex Parte Application 2. and the Compliant on counsel for the Defendants earlier today. A true and correct copy of my letter is attached hereto as Exhibit "A." I presume they will oppose this Ex Parte and will be attending the hearing. Accordingly, proper notice was provided under the Federal Rules of Civil Procedure.
- Plaintiffs are requesting additional time to adequately assess Summer's 3. brain and motor functioning to determine further medical interventions.
- 4. Summer has received a portion of a novel Regenerative Medicine treatment beginning on June 14, 2020 and Dr. Alice Pien has advised that stem cell and exosome treatment could regenerate Summer's brain function with additional monitoring and eliminate the need for life support and Extra Corporeal membrane Oxygenation (ECMO) function.
- Studies show Mesenhymal Stem Cells go through three consecutive cycles of healing and regeneration – 48 hours, 5 days and 90 days. Dr. Pien has advised that Summer is not to be removed from life support until she can be given the full treatment and necessary time to see results. She is requesting at least 30 days to monitor her response to these treatments and observe her results. A true and correct copy of Dr. Pien's evaluation is attached hereto as Exhibit "B."
- 6. Defendant has refused to honor the wishes of the Plaintiffs. UCLA physician Dr. Anil Sapru has communicated his intent to perform an apnea test on June 16, 2020, and remove life support on June 17, 2020. Plaintiffs do not consent to this treatment because it would cause irreparable damage to Summer. Plaintiffs are informed that removal of life support for any amount of time would interfere the treatment as prescribed by Dr. Hoffman and Summer's long term prognosis.
- Absent an injunction, this 14 year old girl will be taken off life-support 7. immediately by the Defendants. There can be no greater irreparable harm than death.

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8.	A balanc	ing of the re	elative 1	hardshi	ps o	on the parti	es fa	vors gra	nting	the
requested	temporary	restraining	order.	There	is	absolutely	no	damage	that	the
Defendant	s can claim	that would	overric	le impr	ope	erly ending	life-	support 1	neasu	ıres
on child.										

- 9. I have informed the Defendants that the family refuses to consent to the apnea test as outlined by Dr. Sapru. As of this Declaration, I have not received a formal response to my request to cancel the apnea procedure.
- On behalf of the family, as their designated legal representative, I have 10. requested that measures be taken to allow ventilation support to continue and to support the physical health of Summer Medford by installing a feeding tube, provide nutrition and place a more permanent measure to allow oxygen to be delivered.

I declare that the foregoing is true and correct under the penalty of perjury under the laws of the State of California. Executed on June 16, 2020 in Long Beach, California.

Justin A. Palmer

Exhibit "A"



FILER PALMER A LIMITED LIABILITY PARTNERSHIP

Long Beach Office 249 East Ocean Blvd., Suite 501 Long Beach, CA 90802

T: 562.304,5200 F: 562.394.0504 E: justin@filerpalmer.com

June 16, 2020

SENT VIA FACSIMILE ONLY RONALD REAGAN UCLA MEDICAL CENTER

757 Westwood Plaza Los Angeles, CA 90095

Re: <u>Summer Medford – Notice of Temporary Restraining Order</u>

USDC Case No.: To Be Filed

To Whom It May Concern:

This office represents the interests of Summer Medford, and her parents Tene Carr-Medford and John Medford. We understand Summer Medford is a patient at UCLA Ronald Reagan Medical Center in Pediatric ICU (Room #5434). Please direct all further correspondence to my attention at the address listed above.

Summer is currently receiving Regenerative Medicine treatment in the form of umbilical cord stem cells and exosomes. Summer has not completed her treatment and Dr. Alice Pien advises additional time is needed to continue treatment, observe Summer and evaluate her long term prognosis.

I understand Dr. Anil Sapru intends to perform an apnea test on Summer Medford today at 2 p.m., over the objection of Summer's parents. Studies show apnea tests may be potentially harmful, and may cause serious complications including pneumothorax, severe hypoxemia, hemodynamic instability and even cardiac arrest.

My office will file a Temporary Restraining Order in the United States District Court – Central District of California, located at 350 West 1st Street, Los Angeles, CA 90012 later this afternoon. The Restraining Order will seek to enjoin UCLA Ronald Reagan Medical Center (E.g. The Regents of the University of California) from ending Life Support for the minor child Summer Medford and request for provision of nutrition and other medical treatment to provide optimize her physical condition while the Court makes its ruling.

To Whom It May Concern: In Re: Summer Medford – Notice of Temporary Restraining Order June 16, 2020 Page 2 of 2

I will make arrangements to serve the order on you once it is filed later today.

Very Truly Yours,

Justin A. Palmer

For FILER | PALMER, LLP



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Please see enclosed.

CONFIDENTIALITY NOTICE

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Exhibit "B"



June 16, 2020

Re: Summer Medford

Dear Attorney Palmer,

Our entire medical philosophy at American Medical Aesthetics Regenerative Medicine and Skincare (AMA) begins with an astonished appreciation for the sheer genius and wonder of human physiology within the even greater miracle and mystery of life itself. For us as scientists and physicians, the more we understand about the intricacies of how biological life functions, the more we are awed by the realization that (as Einstein said) we are touching the mind of God. We at AMA Regenerative are holistic in our approach, focused on getting to the root cause of a condition in order to treat it at the source, rather than treating surface or symptomatic conditions, which usually offer only temporary solutions.

We are aware of the dire nature of 14 year old Summer Medford's condition. Summer has received a portion of a novel Regenerative Medicine treatment, in the form of umbilical cord Mesenchymal stem cells and exosomes. Many clinical studies have and continue to be performed regarding the administration of these treatments to a variety of degenerative brain diseases and conditions.

To that effect, at the request of Summer's parents, UCLA has authorized AMA to provide Mesenchymal Exosomes derived from umbilical exosomes on June 14, 2020, administered by UCLA Staff Dr. Alice Hoftman. Unfortunately, Summer only received a portion of the treatment that was prepared for her.

According to Philipp Vitti, Chief Scientist of Vitti labs, who has been at the forefront of research regarding these treatments on brain injuries and diseases, Mesenchymal Stem Cells go through three consecutive cycles of healing and regeneration. 48hrs, 5 days, and 90 days. Accordingly, we believe that 30-days will suffice to determine if observable improvements are occurring for Summer. Therefore, we are asking for the opportunity to administer the remaining elements of the Regenerative Medical treatment that was begun on June 14, 2020 by UCLA, and 30 days to observe the results.

To maximize the efficiency of the treatment, Summer will need to receive the Mesenchymal Exosomes and Stem Cells prepared for her over a period of 5 days with vitamin and enzyme supplements (Glutathione, Nicotinamide Adenine Dinucleotide, Alpha Lipoic Acid, and peptides).

It is imperative that Summer NOT be removed from life support until she can be given the full treatment and given the necessary time to see results.

Though conventional understanding might insist that the possibility that these treatments might work for Summer are infinitesimally remote, we, as physicians and scientists must always remain humble in the face of unfathomable things that we do not understand, and steadfastly advocate for life.

Please contact us at your earliest convenience once you obtain consent from UCLA to provide Summer with the full treatment described above. We appreciate the opportunity to serve Summer and her parents in this dire situation.

In gratitude and faith

Phar Bigrom PhD

UNITED	STATES	DISTRIC	T COURT
CENTRAL	DISTRIC	CT OF CA	LIFORNIA

	CENTRAL DISTRIC	T OF CALIFORNIA			
S. M.,	TENE CARR-MEDFORD, JOHN MEDFORD	CASE NUMBER 2:20-cv-05353-ODW(AS)			
	Plaintiff(s),				
	v. REGENTS OF THE UNIVERSITY OF FORNIA, ET. AL Defendant(s).	NOTICE OF DISMISSAL PURSUANT TO FEDERAL RULES OF CIVIL PROCEDURE 41(a) or (c)			
	Defendant(s).				
PLEAS	E TAKE NOTICE: (Check one)				
	This action is dismissed by the Plaintiff(s) in its entir	ety.			
	☐ The Counterclaim brought by Claimant(s)				
	☐ The Cross-Claim brought by Claimants(s)				
	☐ The Third-party Claim brought by Claimant(s)				
	ONLY Defendant(s)				
	is/are dismissed from (<i>check one</i>) \square Complaint, \square C brought by				
The	e dismissal is made pursuant to F.R.Civ.P. 41(a) or (c)				
Jui	ne 23, 2020	C/= Ya			
	Date	Signature of Attorney/Party			

NOTE: F.R.Civ.P. 41(a): This notice may be filed at any time before service by the adverse party of an answer or of a motion for summary judgment, whichever first occurs.

F.R.Civ.P. 41(c): Counterclaims, cross-claims & third-party claims may be dismissed before service of a responsive pleading or prior to the beginning of trial.

Facsimile: (562) 394-0504

justin@filerpalmer.com

Email: